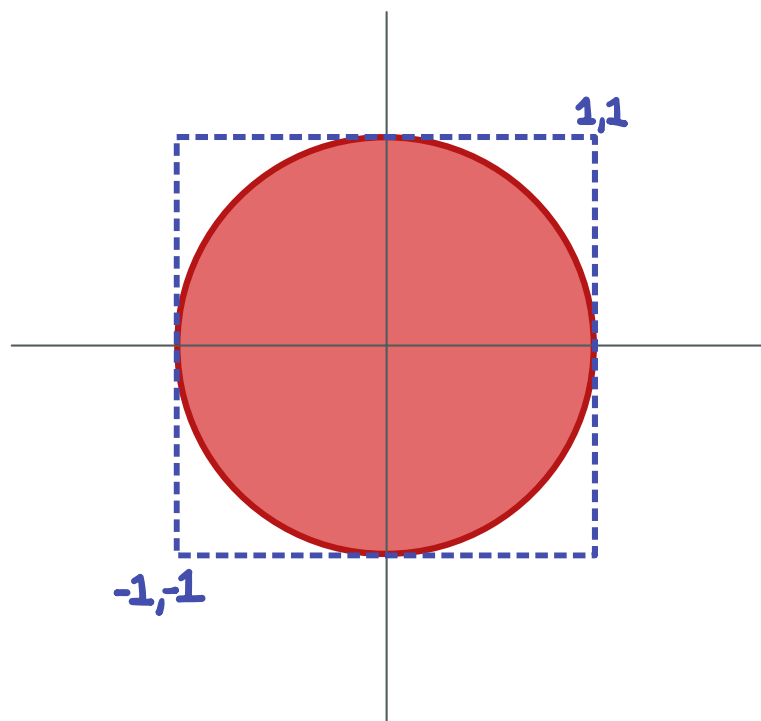


DNF counting

How to estimate the area of a circle?



Multiplicative Chernoff bound
let $X_1, \dots, X_n \in [0,1]$ be independent

$$\mu = E[X_1 + \dots + X_n] \in (0,1)$$

- $P[X_1 + \dots + X_n \geq (1+\epsilon)\mu] \leq e^{-\epsilon^2 \mu / 3}$
- $P[X_1 + \dots + X_n \leq (1-\epsilon)\mu] \leq e^{-\epsilon^2 \mu / 2}$

sample $p \in [-1,1]^2$ unif. random

$$P[p \in \text{circle}] = \frac{\text{Area}(\text{circle})}{4} (\approx .785\dots)$$

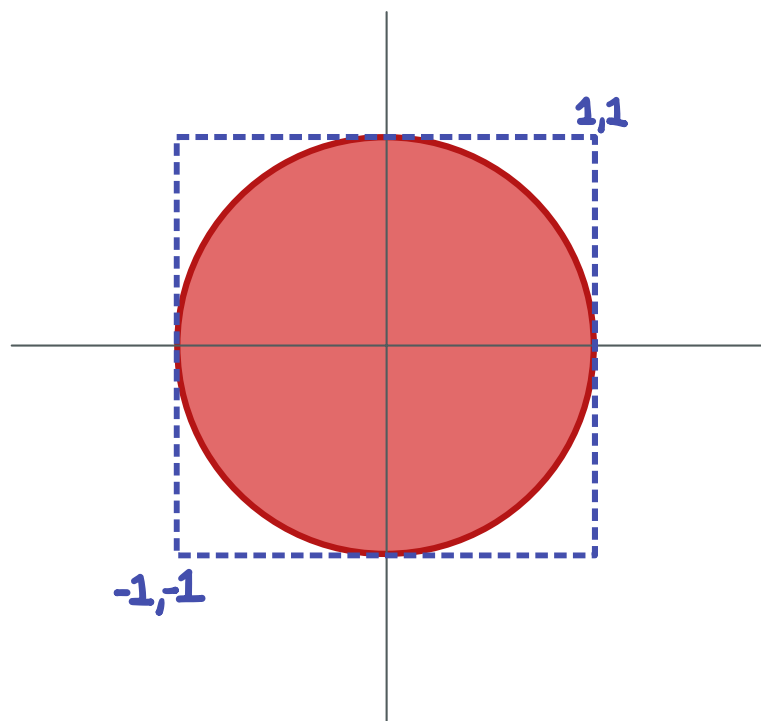
$$X_1, \dots, X_k \in \{0,1\}$$

$$X_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i\text{th sample in circle} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$P[X_1 + \dots + X_k \geq (1+\epsilon)P[p \in \text{circle}]k] \leq e^{-\Omega(\epsilon^2 P[p \in \text{circle}]k)} \\ \leq \delta/2 \text{ for } k \geq O\left(\frac{\log(1/\delta)}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

similar for $P[X_1 + \dots + X_k \leq (1-\epsilon)P[p \in \text{circle}]k]$

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(disjunctive normal form)

$$\text{DNF } \varphi(x_1, \dots, x_n) = (x_1 \wedge \bar{x}_3 \wedge x_5 \wedge \dots) \vee (x_3 \wedge \bar{x}_4 \wedge \dots) \vee \dots$$

easy to decide if φ satisfiable...

How many assignments satisfy φ ?

Can we
estimate
this?

μ

$$P[\varphi(x) = \text{TRUE}] = (\# \text{ satisfying assignments}) / 2^n$$

$x \in \{T, F\}$ unif. rand.

$$x_1, \dots, x_k$$

$$x_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } \varphi(i\text{th sample}) = \text{TRUE} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$P[x_1 + \dots + x_k \geq (1+\epsilon)\mu n] \leq e^{-\epsilon^2 \mu k / 2}$$

what if $\mu = 2^{-n}$?

Multiplicative Chernoff bound

let $x_1, \dots, x_n \in [0, 1]$ be independent

$$\mu = E[x_1 + \dots + x_n] \quad \epsilon \in (0, 1)$$

- $P[x_1 + \dots + x_n \geq (1+\epsilon)\mu] \leq e^{-\epsilon^2 \mu / 3}$
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Mean estimation

Input: independent samples of $X \in [0,1]$

Goal: estimate $E[X]$ (efficiently, w/ few samples)

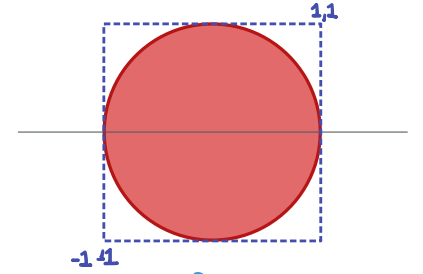
Sampling approach:

1. Sample $X_1, \dots, X_k \sim X$

2. return $\frac{1}{k}(X_1 + \dots + X_k)$

Chernoff: $k = \Omega\left(\frac{1}{\epsilon^2 E[X]}\right)$
(for $(1 \pm \epsilon)$ -APX)

what if $E[X] \approx 0$?



sample $p \in [-1,1]^2$ unif. random

$$P[p \in \text{red circle}] = \frac{\text{Area}(\text{red circle})}{4} (\approx .785, \dots)$$

$$X_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i\text{th sample in red circle} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P[X_1 + \dots + X_k \geq (1+\epsilon)P[p \in \text{red circle}]n] \\ \leq e^{-\Omega(\epsilon^2 P[p \in \text{red circle}]k)} \\ \leq \delta/2 \text{ for } k \geq O\left(\frac{\log(1/\delta)}{\epsilon^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

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$$\longrightarrow P[\varphi(x) = \text{TRUE}] = \left(\frac{\# \text{ satisfying assignments}}{2^n} \right)$$

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Ideas?

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How many assignments satisfy φ ?

let $S_i \subseteq \{T, F\}^n$ = assignments satisfying clause i .

$$|S_i| =$$

$S_1 \cup S_2 \cup \dots \cup S_m$ = all satisfying assignments

$$\text{let } \mu = \frac{|S_1 \cup S_2 \cup \dots \cup S_m|}{|S_1| + |S_2| + \dots + |S_m|}$$

estimate $\mu \Rightarrow$ estimate $|S_1 \cup S_2 \cup \dots \cup S_m|$

how to estimate μ ?

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How many assignments satisfy φ ?

$S_i \subseteq \{T, F\}^n$ = assignments satisfying clause i

$$|S_i| = 2^{n - (\# \text{ variables in clause } i)}$$

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